Matura próbna 2024 - j. angielski rozsz.

Matura 2024 - j. ang. rozsz.

#1

MATURY PRÓBNE 2024, Angielski rozszerzenie

Zadanie 1. (0–6)

Usłyszysz dwukrotnie dwa teksty. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, zgodną z treścią nagrania.

W zadaniach 1.1. i 1.2. zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B albo C.

Tekst 1 (link do nagrania). (do zadań 1.1. i 1.2.)

1.1 The speaker says that succession can be problematic when

A there is no one with the necessary political contacts.

B the person leaving has been particularly effective.

C there are a number of strong potential successors.

Odpowiedź:

1.2 The speaker gives the Southern Foods example to show what can happen if the Board

A is not decisive enough.

B thinks only about profits.

C acts without careful thought.

Odpowiedź:

W zadaniach 1.3.–1.6. zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B, C albo D.

Tekst 2. (link do nagrania) (do zadań 1.3.–1.6.)

1.3 How did Carlene become a ghost hunter?

A she wanted to contact her dead grandmother

B she grew up in a haunted house

C her parents encouraged her

D she suffered from insomnia

Odpowiedź:

1.4 What, according to Carlene, do ghost hunters need most?

A a special gift

B equipment

C an adventurous mind

D a support group

Odpowiedź:

1.5 Who does Carlene mostly work for?

A people who want reassurance

B people who want to contact loved ones

C people who want to find a ghost

D people who are suspicious

Odpowiedź:

1.6 How does Carlene detect when ghosts are present?

A She feels cold.

B She gets evidence from her equipment.

C She feels them touching her hair.

D She trusts her gut feeling.

Odpowiedź:

Adapted from: https://www.examenglish.com/FCE/fce_listening4.html

Adapted from: https://www.cambridgeenglish.org/exams-and-tests/business-vantage/exam-format/

#2

MATURY PRÓBNE 2024, Angielski rozszerzenie

Zadanie 2. (0–5)

Usłyszysz dwukrotnie pięć wypowiedzi na temat gier komputerowych (link do nagrania). Do każdej wypowiedzi (2.1.–2.5.) dopasuj odpowiadające jej zdanie (A–F). Wpisz rozwiązania do tabeli.

Uwaga: jedno zdanie zostało podane dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej wypowiedzi.

A The nature of computer games could benefit the society.

B Restrictions are discouraging gamers from buying games legally.

C Too many children are addicted to online games.

D Computer games are preventing children from learning anything.

E Game regulators need to take several things into account.

F People are unnecessarily worried about the harmful effects of games.

2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5

Odpowiedź 2.1.

Odpowiedź 2.2.

Odpowiedź 2.3.

Odpowiedź 2.4.

Odpowiedź 2.5.

Source: https://www.examenglish.com/FCE/fce_listening3.htm

#3 MATURY PRÓBNE 2024, Angielski rozszerzenie

Zadanie 3. (0-4)

Usłyszysz dwukrotnie wypowiedź na temat potwora z Loch Ness (link do nagrania). Na podstawie informacji zawartych w nagraniu uzupełnij luki w zdaniach 3.1.–3.4., tak, aby jak najbardziej precyzyjnie oddać sens wysłuchanego tekstu. Luki należy uzupełnić w języku angielskim WIELKIMI LITERAMI.

3.1. The first published photographic image of the monster is known as _____.

3.2. Tim Dinsdale realised that most monster sightings occurred on days when the weather was fine not on _____.

3.3. In 1968, an _____ used sonar equipment instead of photography to try and find the monster.

3.4. An attempt to find the monster by _____ failed in 1969 because the Loch Ness water is so dirty.

Odpowiedź 3.1.

Odpowiedź 3.2.

Odpowiedź 3.3.

Odpowiedź 3.4.

Adapted from: https://virtuaule.com/index.php/fce-listening-practice/test-2/421-fce-listening002-2.html

#4 MATURY PRÓBNE 2024, Angielski rozszerzenie

Zadanie 4. (0-5)

Przeczytaj tekst, który został podzielony na cztery części (A–D), oraz pytania go dotyczące (4.1.–4.5.). Do każdego pytania dopasuj właściwą część tekstu. Wpisz rozwiązania do tabeli.

Uwaga: w jednej z części tekstu znajdują się odpowiedzi na dwa pytania.

In which paragraph does the author :

4.1. state the purpose of the terracotta army?

Odpowiedź:

4.2. explain why we may never know the contents of the tomb?

Odpowiedź:

4.3. inform about what has been unearthed so far?

Odpowiedź:

4.4. stress the importance of the discovery?

Odpowiedź:

4.5. reveal why the individual figures discovered are so unique?

Odpowiedź:

CHINESE EMPEROR'S BID FOR IMMORTALITY

A. In 1974, a farmer in China uncovered pieces of ancient pottery while digging a well. Further digging unearthed one of the biggest archaeological finds of the 20th century, both in terms of size and significance – the life-size terracotta warriors of China's first emperor, Qin Shi Huang. The terracotta army, placed in military formation and equipped with real bronze weapons, had remained underground for more than 2,200 years. It was an extraordinary find and, covering an area of fifty-six square kilometres, the biggest burial site on earth.

B. Since then, over 2,000 figures have been dug up across three different burial areas, and it is estimated around 6,000 figures remain underground. But it isn't just the size of the discovery that left the world stunned. Incredibly, every figure has its own individual facial expression, clothing, and hairstyle. In addition to the terracotta warriors, excavations also unearthed clay acrobats and musicians, as well as chariots and the skeletons of horses that would have pulled them.

C. All of these extravagant preparations were made by Qin Shi Huang before he passed away. He needed them for the next world and his tomb was at the centre of this vast underground empire. It contained many treasures for use in the afterlife and was guarded by the extraordinary terracotta army that also protected him from his enemies in the next world. But the emperor's underground kingdom had a high cost. Thousands of craftsmen and other workers died while the burial site was being built. This helped to keep the tomb a secret.

D. The biggest secret of all, however, has yet to be revealed as the first emperor's tomb has never been opened. A pyramid-shaped hill housing the tomb is located very close to where the terracotta army was discovered. An ancient historian described the tomb, writing that China's two major rivers were replicated there using the liquid metal mercury. Unknown at the time was the highly toxic nature of the metal. Whether archaeologists will ever be able to safely gain access remains a mystery, as do the treasures within.

Źródło: Repetytorium z języka angielskiego dla liceów i techników © Pearson Central Europe Sp. z o.o. 2023 PHOTOCOPIABLE

Wydział Elektrotechniki, Elektroniki, Informatyki i Automatyki
90-924 Łódź, ul. Stefanowskiego 18/22, budynek A10
tel. 42 631 25 00, fax 42 636 47 02, e-mail: deanelec@adm.p.lodz.pl, www.weeia.p.lodz.pl

Zadanie 5. (0–5)

Przeczytaj tekst, z którego usunięto pięć zdań. Wpisz w każdą lukę (5.1.–5.5.) literę, którą oznaczono brakujące zdanie (A–F), tak aby otrzymać spójny i logiczny tekst.

Uwaga: jedno zdanie zostało podane dodatkowo i nie pasuje do żadnej luki.

BRITISH CUISINE

For many years, British food struggled under a bad reputation with criticism centred on its lack of imagination, bland flavours and extreme risk to good health. 5.1. _____ In fact, French president Jacques Chirac once famously said, 'You can't trust people whose cuisine is so bad!'

As many older Brits will tell you, until around the 1970s, British food was rather uninspiring. This goes back to World War II when food wasn't plentiful and food rationing limited what products people had access to. In early 1940, shortly after the beginning of hostilities in September 1939, rationing began. 5.2. _____ So, every citizen was given a ration book with coupons for basic items such as meat, cheese, sugar and so on. Rationed goods could not be purchased without the coupons, and once your allowance for meat, for example, had been used up, you couldn't purchase any more till the following month.

However, not all foods were rationed. Fruit and vegetables could be purchased without coupons but were often unavailable, particularly fruit imported from other countries, tomatoes and onions. 5.3. _____ This initiative to cultivate every available piece of land came to be known as 'Dig for Victory.' Though it led to an increased supply of fresh produce, it did not end rationing. Food rationing ended completely in 1954, nine years after the end of the war.

With the end of rationing, it became possible for a restaurant industry to emerge. But eating out was something only the upper classes could afford to do. 5.4. _____ Normally, they didn't have a sophisticated palate and preferred traditional meals and flavours like cottage pies or bangers and mash. This all changed with the arrival of immigrants from the Caribbean and India in the 1960s and 70s, who brought their spicy cuisines with them. Then, in the 1980s, increasing wealth and affordable foreign travel – particularly package tours to sunny destinations – exposed Brits to the food of France, Spain, Italy and Greece.

These days, practically every British home has a bottle of olive oil in the pantry and Brits are as capable of cooking a curry as they are of making a shepherd's pie. Dining experiences have changed too. 5.5. _____ This means that British cuisine is no longer characterised by the bland meals of the past. It has evolved into something very special, and the UK now has some of the finest and most varied restaurants in the world.

A. To overcome the shortage, the government encouraged people to grow their own food in their gardens and in public parks too.

B. When Brits eat out, they can choose from the most varied foreign cuisines, reflecting the melting pot that their homeland has become.

C. The scheme, managed by the Ministry of Food, was designed to ensure everyone had their fair share of food at a time of scarcity.

D. Some shopkeepers kept 'secret' supplies of these goods which they sold at greatly inflated prices on the black market.

E. The eating habits of the British were regularly ridiculed by other nations, especially those on continental Europe that had long culinary traditions.

F. Still, most working-class people ate meals at home, only occasionally splurging on take-away fish and chips.

Źródło: Repetytorium z języka angielskiego dla liceów i techników © Pearson Central Europe Sp. z o.o. 2023 PHOTOCOPIABLE

#6

MATURY PRÓBNE 2024, Angielski rozszerzenie

Zadanie 6. (0 - 8)

Przeczytaj dwa teksty związane z przeprowadzką. Wykonaj zadania 6.1.–6.8. zgodnie z poleceniami.

Tekst 1.

THE DREAM HOUSE

It was June and Sally and her husband Aaron had just signed the contract to buy their first home. All the searching and decision making of the previous eight months had finally paid off. They had looked round bungalows in the suburbs, renovated Victorian terraced houses in up-and-coming neighbourhoods and town-centre apartments. They'd rejected wonderful houses of all sizes that they would never be able to afford and cheap, run-down properties that they didn't have the time or energy to make habitable. They'd found the perfect house at a reasonable price on more than one occasion, only to reject it for being just a little too far out of town or slightly too close to a main road.

In the end, they chose a terraced house on a new estate which, judging by the prams in driveways and chalk on the pavement, was home to a lot of young couples like themselves. Sally started imagining a future in which she too would watch over children happily playing with their new neighbours, even grandchildren when her imagination ran away with her.

On the day of the move, with the sun shining and the removals men arriving on time, the signs were optimistic. Even better, the removals men managed not to drop any of the many boxes of possessions and a few of their new neighbours popped by to introduce themselves and welcome the happy couple. One even brought a delicious cake. All of this perhaps prevented them from noticing details which, if they had not been distracted, they would quickly have been aware of. It wasn't long, though, before they became apparent.

Exhausted after the long day, they went to bed only to be woken by a fierce storm and the rattling of windows and slamming of doors. Sally's first thought was that they had left awindow open, but it turned out that, even though everything was shut, there were large enough gaps between the window frames and the walls for the wind to get in. They gave up trying to sleep and went downstairs to put the kettle on for a cup of tea, where they discovered that there had been a power cut.

On the following Monday at 9 a.m. exactly, they called the builders, Aaron leaving the task to his wife, who was far more assertive than him. She demanded to speak to the owner of the company. 'I can't understand it' he said. 'Feedback from residents of other houses we have completed has always been very positive.' This didn't make Sally feel any better and her mood didn't improve when, later that day, some of their neighbours told her that they had had also suffered problems with their homes and had made their displeasure very clear to the owner and his

employees.

The following three months were spent, during the working week at least, sharing their home with builders attempting to correct their mistakes. It was a slow process and more than once Sally, close to tears, said to friends and family members: 'We have bought our dream house. Unfortunately, the dream is a nightmare'.

W zadaniach 6.1.–6.4. z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, zgodną z treścią tekstu. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B, C albo D.

6.1. According to the writer, the couple rejected houses for all the following reasons except

A. location.

B. price.

C. size.

D. condition.

Odpowiedź:

6.2. From the second paragraph we can conclude that Sally

A. has got young children of her own.

B. is hoping to become a grandparent soon.

C. would like to start a family one day.

D. doesn't plan to have children.

Odpowiedź:

6.3. Which of the following happened first chronologically?

A. Other residents let the construction company know they were unhappy about the quality of their homes.

B. Builders arrived to fix the problems in Sally's house.

C. The owner of the construction company expressed his surprise with Sally's complaints.

D. The couple discovered they were not the only ones to have problems with their houses.

Odpowiedź:

6.4. From the text we learn

A. how difficult it can be for couples to adapt to a new community.

B. about the technical problems facing construction companies.

C. how to choose a family-friendly house.

D. about one property developer's dishonesty.

Odpowiedź:

Tekst 2.

THE STRESS OF MOVING

It is often said that moving house is one of the most stressful events in a person's life but why is that? Well, there are several reasons.

First of all, it is almost certainly the biggest financial decision a person will ever make. It is not just the cost of the actual property but all the other fees as well, from solicitors and surveyors to estate agents and, of course, once the home has been bought, many people feel that they would also like to replace their old furniture at the same time. So, with all the other worries associated with the move, there is this additional stress of not only using up their life's savings but perhaps also taking out a mortgage which will take twenty-five years to pay off.

Secondly, moving takes up a lot of time, starting with the search for the perfect property, followed by the legal paperwork and finally the redecoration and renovation needed to turn 'a'home into 'your' home. There is also the matter of packing. As well as furniture, kitchen equipment, books and other bits and pieces, there could still be an attic full of old photos, children's school books and electronic equipment that has to be sorted out. And once it has all been thrown away or packed up, there is the additional worry that the removal van may get lost or the box containing all the best china and glass is dropped with everything inside destroyed.

Another cause of stress is facing the unknown. It is one thing to imagine living in a new home, but it is something entirely different to actually do it. First there is the sadness of leaving a place filled with fond memories. Then there is the necessity not only to get to know new people but, if the move is to a new town, to register with doctors and dentists, not to mention finding a hairdresser and other reliable services.

The whole process is physically and mentally exhausting and can lead to a neglect of work and a once healthy lifestyle, such as exercise, is forgotten while home-cooked meals are replaced by more convenient takeaways. Sleep may also suffer from both lack of time and a mind full of worries and doubts.

So, yes, moving house is stressful and there is little that can be done to prevent it. The best thing is to be prepared and organised so that the disruption to your life is kept to a minimum.

Uzupełnij zdania 6.5.-6.8. zgodnie z treścią tekstu, tak aby jak najbardziej precyzyjnie oddać jego sens. Luki należy uzupełnić w języku angielskim WIELKIMI LITERAMI.

6.5. As well as compulsory payments, issomething a lot of people are willing to spend money on when moving.

6.6. The writer claims that you can't consider a home really belongs to you until .

6.7. It is impossible to know what it until you move into it.

6.8. Because people who are moving have less time than before, their health suffers as they tend to give up [ ] for themselves.

Źródło: Repetytorium z języka angielskiego dla liceów i techników © Pearson Central Europe Sp. z o.o. 2023 PHOTOCOPIABLE

#7 MATURY PRÓBNE 2024, Angielski rozszerzenie

Zadanie 7. (0 - 6)

Przeczytaj tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą tak, aby otrzymać logiczny i gramatycznie poprawny tekst.

SHOPPERS HAIL MIDI DRESS "BEST EVER"

Shoppers are currently going crazy for FatFace's £69 Adele Shirred Dress that's cool, comfortable and even has pockets - so it's easy to see why.

Quickly becoming the ultimate wardrobe staple for summer, this loose-fitting dress features an ankle to mid-calf length skirt (depending on the wearer's height) and is the perfect dress to wear whilst temperatures 7.1 [ ] - we also think it's versatile enough to be worn in the cooler months too.

It's currently available in six colours, allowing shoppers to choose from black, navy, teal, green, pink, and cobalt blue - so shoppers can pick their favourite hue or nab one in every colour.

7.2 [ ] in sizes 6 to 24, this floaty dress (that, according to reviewers, is 'perfect for the beach') also comes in two lengths: regular and short.

With the diverse range of sizes, colours and different lengths to pick from, it's easy to see why this absolute bargain of a dress has gained 7.3 [ ] reviews from shoppers.

One reviewer wrote: "I absolutely love this dress, I now have it in 3 colours! You can use it for any occasion, so comfortable and fabric is such good quality! Love it!"

Another 7.4 [ ], who was pleased with the pockets that the design features, said: "I purchased this beautiful dress as I wanted a nice cotton dress for summer. I have never tried this style, but it fits so well and is the most comfortable dress I own! I'm a 12-14 with a big bust. The size 12 fits perfectly and at 5ft 5 the dress sits just above my ankles. Also, doesn't cling to my mum tum which is a huge 7.5 [ ]!"

With a third adding: "I wore it all day yesterday at the beach and I stayed lovely and cool and protected from the sun. The pockets were very handy and my daughter enjoyed filling them with shells! The blue is a

lovely eye-catching colour too which can be dressed up or down depending on accessories."

So what are you waiting for? Bag your very own Adele Shirred Midi Dress 7.6 _____ you can!

7.1	**7.2**
A grow	A available
B soar	B washable
C increase	C customized
D escalate	D worn
7.3	**7.4**
A insane	A reviewer
B mad	B shop-goer
C crazy	C customer
D rave	D client
7.5	**7.6**
A bonus	A because
B relief	B on condition that
C benefit	C as long as
D profit	D while

Na podstawie: https://www.mirror.co.uk/3am/style/shopping/shoppers-hail-midi-dress-best-30352270

#8

MATURY PRÓBNE 2024, Angielski rozszerzenie

Zadanie 8. (0 – 4)

W zadaniach 8.1 – 8.4 wpisz **WIELKIMI LITERAMI** obok numeru zadania wyraz, który poprawnie uzupełnia wszystkie trzy zdania. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych wyrazów.

8.1

* I didn't take _____ in the discussion and so I didn't know what was finally agreed on.

* The best _____ of the holidays was canoeing and sailing on Lake Mamry.

* Mary got the main _____ in the school play and that's why she became more self-confident.

8.2

* Unfortunately, we couldn't drive any further because of the _____ tyre.

* You'll find Peter's house on the right at the end of the street – it's the one with a _____ roof.

* Lay the dress _____ on the bed, please. It's just been ironed.

8.3

* He agreed to fix my bike free of _____ .

* My battery is low. Where can I _____ it?

* My sister runs a big department in the company and is in _____ of a very successful team.

8.4

* Martial law had to be imposed in this country to bring _____ to the chaos.

* The captain gave his crew the _____ to abandon the sinking ship.

* The names of the most distinguished students were announced in the alphabetical _____ .